Management Discussion and Analysis, Basic Financial Statements, Additional Supplementary Information and Compliance Reports

Year Ended June 30, 2014



Management Discussion and Analysis, Basic Financial Statements, Additional Supplementary Information and Compliance Reports

Year Ended June 30, 2014

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Independent Auditor's Report

Members of the City Council City of Nome, Alaska Nome, Alaska

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Nome, Alaska, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Nome's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of Nome Joint Utilities and Nome Public Schools; both are discretely presented component units of the reporting entity. The statements of Nome Joint Utilities and Nome Public Schools were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the City of Nome, is based solely on the reports of other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

Members of the City Council City of Nome, Alaska

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Nome, Alaska, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4-13, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Members of the City Council City of Nome, Alaska

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Nome, Alaska's basic financial statements. The information listed in the table of contents as "Additional Supplementary Information", which includes Other Governmental Funds: Combining Balance Sheet, Combing Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances is presented for purposes of additional analysis, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for the purpose of additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and the accompanying Schedule of State Financial Assistance is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the *State of Alaska Audit Guide and Compliance Supplement for State Single Audits,* are also not a required part of the financial statements.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, Schedule of State Financial Assistance, and combining non-major fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, Schedule of State Financial Assistance, and combining non-major fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

altman, Rogers & Co.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 20, 2015 on our consideration of the City of Nome's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Nome, Alaska's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Anchorage, Alaska March 20, 2015

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

City of Nome, Alaska Management Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

This section of the City of Nome, Alaska's annual financial report presents the City management's discussion and analysis of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 with comparable information presented for the year ended June 30, 2013. This discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the City's financial statements.

Financial Highlights for 2014

- In total, net position exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2014 by \$79,960,625. Of this amount, \$10,430,683 in unrestricted net position may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- Total net position increased by \$3,684,013 in 2014.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$11,184,754, which is an increase of \$533,351 over the prior year. \$1,429,306 in unassigned fund balance is available for spending at the City's discretion.
- As of June 30, 2014, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$1,429,306 or 14% of total General Fund expenditures.

Financial Highlights for 2013

- In total, net position exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2013 by \$76,096,612. Of this amount, \$10,718,366 in unrestricted net position may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- Total net position increased by \$84,091 in 2013.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$10,651,403, which is an increase of \$740,610 over the prior year. \$1,262,054 in unassigned fund balance is available for spending at the City's discretion.
- As of June 30, 2013, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$1,262,054 or 12% of total General Fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. City of Nome, Alaska's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) Government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City's activities.

- Government-wide financial statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the City's overall financial status.
- Fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the City, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position will serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.
- The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net
 position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are
 reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of
 the timing of the cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement
 for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected
 taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).
- The *Fund financial statements* include the governmental fund statements which tell how basic services, such as, City Administration, Public Safety, Public Works, etc., were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by two sections (1) additional supplementary information on individual fund activity, and (2) compliance reports.

Government-wide Statements

The Government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. Both of the Government-wide statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities).

The Government-wide financial statements include all the City's *governmental activities*, which accounts for all of the City's basic services such as legislative, administrative, city clerk, police, animal control, fire, ambulance, public works, recreation center, swimming pool, museum, library, visitor center, education, and deferred compensation plans. The business-type activities of the City include the port facilities.

The Government-wide financial statements include two component units, known as Nome Public Schools and Nome Joint Utility System. Both are legally separate entities for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for the component units are reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the City as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the City uses to keep track of specific sources of revenue and spending on particular programs. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds: Most of the City's basic services are included in governmental funds. Unlike the Government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on short-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources left at fiscal year-end. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the Government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the Government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Nome, Alaska maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, which is considered to be a major fund. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements*.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with its budget.

Proprietary Funds: When the City charges customers for the services it provides - both to outside customers and to other units of the City - these services are generally reported in the proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same manner in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Enterprise Funds: are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses an Enterprise Fund to account for its port facilities.

Fiduciary Funds: Are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The City uses the fiduciary fund to account for its deferred compensation plan.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain supplementary information presenting the combining statements displaying the non-major governmental funds.

Statement of Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Nome, Alaska, assets exceeded liabilities by \$79,960,625 at the close of FY2014, the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the City's net position (81%) reflects its net investments in capital assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

		2014 2013				
	Governmental	Business-type		Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total	Activities	Activities	Total
Current and other assets	\$ 13,690,454	1,933,022	15,623,259	12,785,615	1,689,629	14,475,244
Long-term and capital assets	46,873,211	34,550,259	81,423,470	45,927,911	31,003,772	76,931,683
Total assets	60,563,665	36,483,281	97,046,946	58,713,526	32,693,401	91,406,927
Current liabilities	2,091,096	3,405,321	5,496,417	956,320	2,231,245	3,187,565
Long-term liabilities	7,119,453	4,470,451	11,589,904	7,547,133	4,575,617	12,122,750
Total liabilities	9,210,549	7,875,772	17,086,321	8,503,453	6,806,862	15,310,315
Net position						
Net invested in capital assets	37,602,981	27,446,475	65,049,456	37,500,250	24,147,748	61,647,998
Restricted for debt service	1,578,825	-	1,578,825	1,223,256	-	1,223,256
Restricted for E-911 surcharge	268,328	-	268,328	226,585	-	226,585
Restricted for causeway	-	2,633,333	2,633,333	-	2,280,407	2,280,407
Unrestricted	11,902,982	(1,472,299)	10,430,683	11,259,982	(541,616)	10,718,366
Total net position	51,353,116	28,607,509	79,960,625	50,210,073	25,886,539	76,096,612

The majority of net position is restricted for capital assets, net of debt (81% in 2014 and 80% in 2013). A small portion of the City's net position (6% in 2014 and 5% in 2013), represent resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Such restrictions are for the restricted assets for causeway operations, debt service, and the E-911 surcharge program. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position of \$10,430,683 in 2014 and \$10,718,366 in 2013 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligation to citizens and creditors. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for government as a whole, and for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

The governmental activities net position increased by \$1,143,043 in 2014 and increased by \$35,164 in 2013.

Statement of Activities

The following condensed table of changes in net position displays the revenues and expenses for the current and prior year.

	(Change in Net Position 2014			Change in Net Position 2013			
	Governmental	Business-type		Governmental	Business-type			
	Activities	Activities	Total	Activities	Activities	Total		
Revenues:	7.101.711100	710071000			7.00.7.0.00			
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 1,100,493	1,719,629	2,820,122	1,234,607	1,561,964	2,796,571		
Operating grants and contributions	881,261	52,126	933,387	940,205	28,920	969,125		
Capital grants and contributions	2,090,464	4,043,830	6,134,294	1,048,264	925,625	1,973,889		
General revenues:	,,	,,	-, - , -	,, -	,	,,		
Property taxes	3,242,489	-	3,242,489	2,695,920	-	2,695,920		
Penalties and interest	62,190	-	62,190	58,484	-	58,484		
Sales tax	5,308,565	-	5,308,565	5,355,600	-	5,355,600		
Bed tax	145,301	-	145,301	157,913	-	157,913		
Fines and forfeitures	4,864	-	4,864	16,332	-	16,332		
Payment in lieu of taxes	325,231	-	325,231	328,848	-	328,848		
Rentals and royalties	187,624	-	187,624	165,527	-	165,527		
Investment earnings	43,915	7,609	51,524	41,569	11,217	52,786		
Grants not restricted								
to specific programs	548,214	-	548,214	517,573	-	517,573		
Gain on sale of equipment	-	-	-	52,446	-	52,446		
Other	288,268	-	288,268	385,325	=	385,325		
Total revenues	\$ 14,228,879	5,823,194	20,052,073	12,998,613	2,527,726	15,526,339		
Expenses:								
Legislative	169,198	-	169,198	247,309	-	247,309		
Administrative	1,036,320	-	1,036,320	949,532	-	949,532		
City clerk	380,883	-	380,883	456,765	-	456,765		
Police	2,458,338	-	2,458,338	2,182,707	-	2,182,707		
Animal control	25,838	-	25,838	92,635	-	92,635		
Fire	441,594	-	441,594	441,338	-	441,338		
Ambulance	482,037	-	482,037	468,581	-	468,581		
Public works	2,454,055	-	2,454,055	2,516,554	-	2,516,554		
Recreation center	823,273	-	823,273	1,041,837	-	1,041,837		
Swimming pool	153,232	-	153,232	138,480	-	138,480		
Museum	296,725	-	296,725	283,795	-	283,795		
Library	296,724	-	296,724	294,748	-	294,748		
Visitor center	161,079	-	161,079	153,432	-	153,432		
Education	3,289,313	-	3,289,313	3,185,980	-	3,185,980		
Non-departmental	428,234	-	428,234	318,197	-	318,197		
Unallocated interest	188,993	-	188,993	191,559	-	191,559		
Port		3,102,224	3,102,224		2,478,799	2,478,799		
Total expenses	13,085,836	3,102,224	16,188,060	12,963,449	2,478,799	15,442,248		
Increase (decrease) in								
net position	1,143,043	2,720,970	3,864,013	35,164	48,927	84,091		
Net position, beginning of year	50,210,073	25,886,539	76,960,625	50,174,909	25,837,612	76,012,521		
Net position, end of year	\$51,353,116	28,607,509	79,960,625	50,210,073	25,886,539	76,096,612		

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities in 2014 increased the City's net position by \$1,143,043. This increase represents more than 2% of government net position.

A detail of expenses for governmental activities is as follows:

	201	2014 2013		3
	<u>Expense</u>	<u>Percentage</u>	Expense	<u>Percentage</u>
Function:				
Legislative \$	169,198	1.30%	247,309	1.91%
Administrative	1,036,320	7.30%	949,532	7.32%
City clerk	380,883	3.00%	456,765	3.52%
Police	2,458,338	18.80%	2,182,707	16.84%
Animal control	25,838	0.20%	92,635	0.71%
Fire	441,594	3.37%	441,338	3.40%
Ambulance	482,037	3.68%	468,581	3.61%
Public works	2,454,055	18.80%	2,516,554	19.41%
Recreation center	823,273	6.30%	1,041,837	8.04%
Swimming pool	153,232	1.17%	138,480	1.07%
Museum	296,725	2.30%	283,795	2.19%
Library	296,724	2.30%	294,748	2.27%
Visitor center	161,079	1.27%	153,432	1.18%
Education-Nome Public schools	3,289,313	25.50%	3,185,980	24.58%
Non-departmental	428,234	3.27%	318,197	2.45%
Unallocated interest	188,993	1.44%	191,559	1.48%
Total	13,085,836	100%	12,963,449	100%

Business-type Activities

Business-type activities in 2014 increased net position by \$2,720,970 compared to an increase of \$48,927 in 2013, accounting for over 10% increase in business-type activities. Governmental-type activities in 2014 increased by \$1,143,043 compared to an increase of \$35,164 in 2013, accounting for a more than 2% increase in governmental-type activities.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflow, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At June 30, 2014 the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$11,184,754, an increase of \$533,351 over the prior year. Of this amount \$9,755,448 is non-spendable, restricted, committed, or assigned for specific purposes. \$1,429,306 is available for spending at the government's discretion.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At June 30, 2014 and 2013 the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$1,429,306 and \$1,262,054, respectively, which is 18% and 16% of the total General Fund balance. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance may be compared to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 14% of total General Fund expenditures at June 30, 2014 and 12% as of 2013.

The fund balance of the City's General Fund increased by \$140,721 in 2014 compared to an increase of \$484,207 in 2013.

Proprietary Fund

The City's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the proprietary fund amounted to \$(1,472,299) and \$(541,616) at June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Net investment in capital assets \$27,446,475 and \$24,147,748 in 2014 and 2013 accounts for 96% and 93% of total net position in 2014 and 2013, respectively. Net positions of \$2,633,333 and \$2,280,407 have been restricted for causeway operations in 2014 and 2013, respectively. The increase in total net position was \$2,720,970 in 2014 and increase of \$48,927 in 2013. The main reason for the increase was the increase in capital contributions.

General Fund budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget and the final budget can be briefly summarized as follows:

- \$50,565 in increases allocated to sales tax;
- \$18,757 in decreases allocated to charges for services revenue.

During the year, actual revenues were more than budgetary estimates by \$548,469. This was due to more than expected revenues from the State of Alaska.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2014 amounts to \$76,174,944 (net of accumulated depreciation), an increase of \$2,856,401 over last year. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, machinery, and equipment, vehicles, fuel lines, causeway, small boat harbor and c-cell dock.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Land additions of \$321,502
- Construction of \$6,259,787
- Vehicles, trucks and trailer additions of \$237,075
- Equipment additions of \$105,548

		2014			2013	
	Governmental	Business-type	Business-type		Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total	Activities	Activities	Total
Land	\$ 7,483,515	5,153,383	12,636,898	7,162,013	5,153,383	12,315,396
Tideland patent	-	736,400	736,400	-	736,400	736,400
Buildings	32,665,005	107,928	32,772,933	34,538,733	119,668	34,658,401
Small Boat Harbor	-	3,935,391	3,935,391	-	4,096,350	4,096,350
Causeway	-	9,438,232	9,438,232	-	10,152,798	10,152,798
Quarry Jetty	-	2,789,665	2,789,665	-	2,985,801	2,985,801
C-cell dock	-	1,432,117	1,432,117	-	1,545,048	1,545,048
Vehicles, trucks and trailers	1,414,814	-	1,414,814	1,698,497	-	1,698,497
Assets other than buildings	385,429	-	385,429	380,462	-	380,462
Other	-	2,678,163	2,678,163	-	2,813,398	2,813,398
Machinery and equipment	376,033	135,099	511,132	377,071	175,376	552,447
Construction in progress	1,933,222	5,510,548	7,443,770	438,402	945,143	1,383,545
Total capital assets	\$ 44,258,018	31,916,926	76,174,944	44,595,178	28,723,365	73,318,543

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in note 6 on pages 38 through 40 of this report.

Long-Term Debt – At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Nome, Alaska had total bonded debt outstanding of \$10,101,163. This entire amount is backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The remainder of the City's debt represents loans, compensated absences and landfill closure and post-closure costs.

The following table displays the long-term debt for the current year.

		Governmental		Busines				
	_	Activ	ities	Activi	ties	Total		
		2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	
General obligation bonds, including	_							
premium	\$	5,630,712	5,952,484	-	-	5,630,712	5,952,484	
Revenue bonds		-	-	4,470,451	4,575,617	4,470,451	4,575,617	
Compensated absences		354,297	319,882	-	-	354,297	319,882	
Landfill post closure care costs		786,609	745,315	-	-	786,609	745,315	
Landfill Ioan	_	702,132	849,334			702,132	849,334	
	\$_	7,473,750	7,867,015	4,470,451	4,575,617	11,944,201	12,442,632	

The City of Nome, Alaska's total debt decreased by \$498,431 during the current fiscal year. This decrease was due to debt payments during the year.

Additional information on the City of Nome, Alaska's long-term debt can be found in note 7 on pages 40-44 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The unemployment rate hovers around 7.8% for the State of Alaska.
- Due to budget constraints, it is anticipated that State and Federal funding will decrease.
- These factors were considered in preparing the FY15 budget.

The City of Nome agreed to provide a short-term line of credit of \$2.2 million to Nome Joint Utility System (NJUS) from its PERS and Self-Insurance Funds, effective November 14, 2014, to meet NJUS' interim cash flow requirements to allow payment of expenditures for construction activities anticipated to be reimbursed by various State/Federal grants and loans. Advances are primarily limited to grant and loan reimbursable items, and, as needed, to current fuel loan with Wells Fargo Bank to avoid late payment penalties. The term of the line of credit expires on June 30, 2015 with full repayment of principal plus accrued interest of 2.5% per annum.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Nome, Alaska's finances for all of those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City Manager of the City of Nome, Alaska, P.O. Box 281, Nome, Alaska 99762.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Statement of Net Position

Government-Wide Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

			Primary Gov	Compor	Component Units			
	_				,	Nome	Nome	
	(Governmental	Business-type			Public	Joint	
		Activities	Activities	Eliminations	Totals	Schools	Utility	
<u>Assets</u>				·				
Current:								
Cash and short-term investments	\$	6,832,168	673,302	-	7,505,470	2,719,001	427,501	
Receivables:								
Property taxes, net		3,456,526	-	-	3,456,526	-	-	
Sales and bed taxes, net		513,821	-	-	513,821	-	-	
Accounts receivable, net		-	550,088	-	550,088		1,320,458	
State of Alaska and federal government		787,139	709,632	-	1,496,771	341,931	10,921,795	
Unbilled revenues		-	-	-	-	-	624,795	
Other		156,791	-	-	156,791	78,148	311,073	
Inventory		-	-	-	-	262,791	6,323,109	
Prepaid items		58,639	-	-	58,639	5,593	176,523	
Internal balances		1,608,853	-	(1,608,853)	-	-	-	
Due from component units:								
Nome Joint Utility System		276,517	-	-	276,517	-	-	
Other assets		-	-	-	-	-	2,046,148	
Long-term:								
Restricted assets:								
Cash and short-term investments		2,307,014	2,633,333	-	4,940,347	-	-	
Long-term notes receivable, due								
within one year		29,025	-	-	29,025	-	-	
Long-term notes receivable, due								
in more than one year		279,154	-	-	279,154	-	-	
Capital assets:								
Depreciated, net		34,593,306	20,516,595	-	55,109,901	1,311,532	102,701,438	
Not being depreciated		9,664,712	11,400,331	-	21,065,043	-	7,513,307	
Total assets	_	60,563,665	36,483,281	(1,608,853)	95,438,093	4,718,996	132,366,147	
	_							
<u>Deferred outflows</u>								
Deferred charges	_						283,097	
Total assets and deferred outflows		60,563,665	36,483,281	(1,608,853)	95,438,093	4,718,996	132,649,244	
			· ·				<u> </u>	
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Current:								
Accounts payable		871,136	713,893	-	1,585,029	313,896	3,418,386	
Line of credit		-	-	-	-	-	8,250,000	
Unearned revenue		206,741	140,470	-	347,211	66,505	-	
Accrued payroll		477,719	-	-	477,719	473,985	253,375	
Accrued payroll liabilities		111,435	-	-	111,435	-	191,500	
Accrued interest payable		-	50,459	-	50,459	-	111,363	
Internal balances		-	1,608,853	(1,608,853)	-	-	-	
Deposits payable		-	-	-	-	-	48,043	
Prepaid services		424,065	891,646	-	1,315,711	-	-	
Fuel loan payable		-	-	-		-	6,248,273	
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Long-term debt due								
within one year		464,416	109,468	-	573,884	121,419	1,006,200	
Long-term debt due		, ,	,		,	, -	,,	
in more than one year		6,655,037	4,360,983	-	11,016,020	279,154	11,765,159	
Total liabilities	_	9,210,549	7,875,772	(1,608,853)	15,477,468	1,254,959	31,292,299	
	_							
Net Position:								
Net investment in capital assets		37,602,981	27,446,475	-	65,049,456	1,003,353	97,519,570	
Restricted for insurance reserve		-		-	-	-	125,500	
Restricted for debt service		1,578,825	-	-	1,578,825	-	411,807	
Restricted for E-911 surcharge		268,328	-	-	268,328	-	-	
Restricted for causeway operations		-	2,633,333	-	2,633,333	-	-	
Restricted for scholarships		-	-	-	-	11,860	-	
Unrestricted		11,902,982	(1,472,299)	-	10,430,683	2,448,824	3,300,068	
Total net position	\$	51,353,116	28,607,509		79,960,625	3,464,037	101,356,945	
	_		/					

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2014

							Not (Eveness) D	avenue and Chan	ges in Net Position	
			Program Revenues			P	rimary Governmer	Component Units		
				Operating	Capital		·		Nome	Nome
			Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type		Public	Joint Utility
5:		Expenses	<u>Services</u>	Contributions	Contributions	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	Total	<u>Schools</u>	System
Primary government:										
Governmental activities:	\$	169.198	220	773		(400,005)		(400,005)		
Legislative Administrative	Ф	1,036,320	75,958	72.608	-	(168,205) (887,754)	-	(168,205) (887,754)	-	-
City clerk		380,883	75,956	24.109	-	(356,774)	-	(356,774)	•	-
Police		2,458,338	24,850	276.362	-	(2,157,126)		(2,157,126)		
Animal control		25,838	7,960	199	-	(17,679)		(2,137,120)		
Fire		441,594	7,300	51,398		(390,196)		(390,196)		
Ambulance		482,037	305,178	15,473		(161,386)		(161,386)		
Public works		2,454,055	357,248	305,695	350,000	(1,441,112)		(1,441,112)		
Recreation center		823,273	287,741	32.675	-	(502,857)		(502,857)		
Swimming pool		153,232	33,901	8.368	_	(110,963)	_	(110,963)	_	_
Museum		296,725	6,139	22,182	1,490,646	1,222,242	-	1,222,242	_	_
Library		296,724	1,298	41,295	-	(254,131)	-	(254,131)		
Visitor center		161,079	-	72	-	(161,007)		(161,007)		-
Education		3,289,313	-	-	249,818	(3,039,495)		(3,039,495)		-
Non-departmental		428,234	-	30,052	-	(398,182)	-	(398,182)	-	-
Unallocated interest		188,993	-	-	-	(188,993)	-	(188,993)	-	-
Total governmental	-									
activities	_	13,085,836	1,100,493	881,261	2,090,464	(9,013,618)		(9,013,618)		
Business-type activities:										
Port	=	3,102,224	1,719,629	52,126	4,043,830		2,713,361	2,713,361		
Total primary government	\$	16,188,060	2,820,122	933,387	6,134,294	(9,013,618)	2,713,361	(6,300,257)		
Component Unit:										
Nome Public Schools	\$	15,948,187	467,575	4,557,982	-				(10,922,630)	-
Nome Joint Utility System		18,657,498	13,360,669		12,165,839					6,869,010
Total component units	\$	34,605,685	13,828,244	4,557,982	12,165,839				(10,922,630)	6,869,010
General revenues: Taxes:										
Property taxes					9	3.242.489	-	3,242,489		
Sales taxes						5,308,565	-	5,308,565	-	-
Payments in lieu of taxes						325,231	-	325,231	-	-
Penalties and interest						62,190	-	62,190	-	-
Bed taxes						145,301	-	145,301	-	-
Fines and forfeitures						4,864	-	4,864	-	-
Grants not restricted to specific	c pro	grams				548,214	-	548,214	8,996,418	110,553
E-rate revenue						-	-	-	308,064	-
Investment earnings						43,915	7,609	51,524	-	1,040
Appropriation from City of Nor	me					-	-	-	1,873,120	-
Rentals and royalties						187,624	-	187,624	-	406,899
Gain (loss) on sale of equipme	ent					-	-	-	-	(24,027)
Other						288,268		288,268	109,635	319,736
Total general revenues						10,156,661	7,609	10,164,270	11,287,237	814,201
Change in net position						1,143,043	2,720,970	3,864,013	364,607	7,683,211
Net position, beginning of year						50,210,073	25,886,539	76,096,612	3,099,430	93,673,734
Net position, end of year					\$	51,353,116	28,607,509	79,960,625	3,464,037	101,356,945

Governmental Funds

Balance Sheet

June 30, 2014

	June 30, 2	2014			
Accets		General <u>Fund</u>	Museum Construction and Development Capital Project Fund	Other Governmental <u>Funds</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
<u>Assets</u>					
Cash and short-term investments Restricted cash Receivables:	\$	6,832,168 -	-	2,307,014	6,832,168 2,307,014
Property tax levies due in subsequent year Delinquent taxes, net of \$16,814		3,254,602	-	-	3,254,602
allowance for doubtful accounts Sales and bed taxes, net of \$6,499		201,924	-	-	201,924
allowance for doubtful accounts		513,821	-	-	513,821
State of Alaska and federal government Other		11,012 150,322	733,193 -	42,934 6,469	787,139 156,791
Due from other funds:					
General Fund		-	-	1,970,546	1,970,546
Port Enterprise Facility Fund		1,608,853	-	-	1,608,853
Other Governmental Funds Due from component units:		1,169,122	-	-	1,169,122
Nome Joint Utility System		276,517	_	_	276,517
Nome Public Schools		308,179	-	_	308,179
Prepaid items		58,639	-	-	58,639
Total assets	\$	14,385,159	733,193	4,326,963	19,445,315
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and Fund Balances					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable		475,772	324,144	71,220	871,136
Unearned revenue		12,106	-	194,635	206,741
Accrued payroll		123,422	-	-	123,422
Accrued payroll liabilities		111,435	-	-	111,435
Due to other funds: General Fund		_	409,049	760,073	1,169,122
Other Governmental Funds		1,970,546		-	1,970,546
Prepaid services		424,065	-	_	424,065
Total liabilities	_	3,117,346	733,193	1,025,928	4,876,467
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Unavailable property taxes	_	3,384,094			3,384,094
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	_	6,501,440	733,193	1,025,928	8,260,561
Fund balances:					
Non-spendable:					
Prepaid items		58,639	-	_	58,639
School loan receivable		308,179	-	-	308,179
Restricted:					
Debt service		-	-	1,578,825	1,578,825
E-911 surcharge		-	-	268,328	268,328
Committed:					
Wells Fargo self insurance Assigned:		1,082,924	-	-	1,082,924
Bond reimbursement for capital projects		-	-	749,215	749,215
AMLIP landfill		3,592,895	-	-	3,592,895
Wells Fargo PERS		1,133,792	-	-	1,133,792
Clara Mielke Richards estate		277,984	-	-	277,984
Landfill		-	-	704,667	704,667
Unassigned	_	1,429,306		-	1,429,306
Total fund balances	_	7,883,719		3,301,035	11,184,754
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	14,385,159	733,193	4,326,963	19,445,315
rotal habilitios, deferred filliows and fully balances	Ψ_	17,000,108	1 33, 133	7,320,303	10,740,010

Reconciliation of the Net Position Between the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2014

Amounts reported as fund balances on the governmental funds	\$	11,184,754
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore,		44 259 019
are not reported in the funds		44,258,018
Other long-term assets, are not available to pay current year expenditures		
and, therefore, are deferred inflows in the funds		
Property taxes		3,384,094
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period		
and therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Compensated absences		(354,297)
General obligation bonds		(5,463,000)
Premium on general obligation bonds		(167,712)
Landfill Ioan		(702,132)
Landfill closure and post closure care costs	_	(786,609)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	51,353,116

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Year Ended June 30, 2014

Year Ended Ju	ne 30, 2014			
		Museum		
		Construction and		
	0 1	Development	Other	Total
	General Fund	Capital Project Fund	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds
Revenues:	<u>r unu</u>	<u>r unu</u>	<u>r unus</u>	<u>i ulius</u>
Local sources:				
Taxes:				
Property taxes \$	2,688,902	-	-	2,688,902
Sales taxes	5,308,565	-	-	5,308,565
Payments in lieu of taxes	325,231	-	-	325,231
Penalties and interest	62,190	-	-	62,190
Bed tax	145,301	-	-	145,301
Charges for services:				
Licenses, permits, and fees	76,381	-	-	76,381
Other	1,024,112	-	-	1,024,112
Fines and forfeitures	4,864	-	-	4,864
Investment income	12,328	-	31,587	43,915
Rental and royalties	187,624	-	-	187,624
Contributions	65,636	-	-	65,636
Other	2,758		269,159	271,917
Total local sources	9,903,892		300,746	10,204,638
Intergovernmental:				
State of Alaska	758,954	1,490,646	571,435	2,821,035
Federal sources	451,190	1,430,040	181,657	632,847
Total intergovernmental	1,210,144	1,490,646	753,092	3,453,882
rotal intergeventinental	1,210,144	1,400,040	700,002	0,400,002
Total revenues	11,114,036	1,490,646	1,053,838	13,658,520
			.,,,,,,,,,,	
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Legislative	161,316	-	-	161,316
Administrative	976,062	-	12,856	988,918
City clerk	377,267	-	-	377,267
Police	2,185,091	-	92,450	2,277,541
Animal control	25,290	-	-	25,290
Fire	287,945	-	6,071	294,016
Ambulance	275,320	-	6,072	281,392
Public works	2,031,042	-	242,872	2,273,914
Recreation center	734,436	-	-	734,436
Swimming pool	149,858	-	-	149,858
Museum	295,570	-	-	295,570
Library	276,346	-	20,378	296,724
Visitor center Education	161,079 1,876,452	-	-	161,079 1,876,452
Non-departmental	428,234		-	428,234
Debt service:	420,234			420,234
Principal	147,202	_	305,000	452,202
Interest	12,741	_	176,252	188,993
Capital outlay	<u>-</u>	1,490,646	378,828	1,869,474
Total expenditures	10,401,251	1,490,646	1,240,779	13,132,676
•				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	712,785		(186,941)	525,844
Other financing sources (uses):				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	7,507	-	-	7,507
Transfers in	-	-	579,571	579,571
Transfers out	(579,571)			(579,571)
Net other financing sources (uses)	(572,064)		579,571	7,507
Not shown in fired belows	4 10 70:		222 222	500.05:
Net change in fund balance	140,721	-	392,630	533,351
Fund halange, haginning of year	7 740 000		2 000 405	10.054.400
Fund balance, beginning of year	7,742,998		2,908,405	10,651,403
Fund balance, ending of year \$	7,883,719	-	3,301,035	11,184,754
r and balanco, origing or your	1,000,119		3,301,033	11,104,734

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2014

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds	\$	533,351
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense: Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 2,378,586 (2,703,051)	(324,465)
Governmental funds only report the disposal of assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the Statement of Activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal. The net effect of transactions involving capital assets is to decrease net position. Cost of assets disposed Accumulated depreciation	\$ (119,011) 106,316	(12,695)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds represents change in: Property taxes The issuance of long-term debt and accrual of compensated absences provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position:		553,587
Principal repayments Amortization of bond premium Increase in landfill post closure costs Compensated absences	\$ 452,202 16,772 (41,294) (34,415)	393,265
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	1,143,043

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Original and Final Budgeted Amounts and Actual

Year Ended June 30, 2014

		5			Variance with Final Budget-
	_	Budgeted		Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:		<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Amounts</u>	(inegative)
Local sources:					
Taxes:					
Property taxes	\$	2,701,016	2,688,902	2,688,902	_
Sales taxes	Ψ	5,258,000	5,308,565	5,308,565	_
Payments in lieu of taxes		323,907	325,231	325,231	_
Penalties and interest		33,500	62,190	62,190	-
Bed tax		150,000	145,301	145,301	=
Charges for services		,	,	,	
Licenses, permits, and fees		96,095	76,381	76,381	-
Other		1,023,155	1,024,112	1,024,112	-
Fines and forfeitures		8,500	4,864	4,864	-
Investment income		12,465	12,328	12,328	-
Rental and royalties		147,542	187,624	187,624	-
Contributions		27,900	65,636	65,636	-
Other	_	32	2,758	2,758	
Total local sources		9,782,112	9,903,892	9,903,892	-
Intergovernmental:					
State of Alaska		331,730	758,954	758,954	-
Federal sources	_	451,725	451,190	451,190	
Total revenues	_	10,565,567	11,114,036	11,114,036	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Legislative		215,797	161,316	161,316	-
Administrative		857,238	976,062	976,062	-
City clerk		360,493	377,267	377,267	-
Police		2,070,014	2,185,091	2,185,091	-
Animal control		110,775	25,290	25,290	-
Fire		310,471	287,945	287,945	-
Ambulance		288,369	275,320	275,320	-
Public works		1,961,648	2,031,042	2,031,042	-
Recreation center		813,409	734,436	734,436	-
Swimming pool		136,946	149,858	149,858	-
Museum		275,401	295,570	295,570	-
Library Visitor center		262,420	276,346	276,346	-
Education		163,713	161,079	161,079	-
Non-departmental		1,875,702 243,500	1,876,452 428,234	1,876,452 428,234	-
Debt service:		243,300	420,234	420,234	-
Principal		_	147,202	147,202	_
Interest		159,943	12,741	12,741	- -
Total expenditures	-	10,105,839	10,401,251	10,401,251	
rotal experiationes	-	10,100,000	10,401,201	10,401,201	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures		459.728	712,785	712,785	-
		,	,	,	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-	7,507	7,507	-
Transfers out		(577,777)	(579,571)	(579,571)	-
Net other financing sources (uses)		(577,777)	(572,064)	(572,064)	-
- '	_			<u></u>	
Net change in fund balance	\$ _	(118,049)	140,721	140,721	
	<u>-</u>				
Fund balance, beginning of year			;	7,742,998	
- u .			_	7,000,746	
Fund balance, ending of year			\$	7,883,719	

Proprietary Fund

Port Facility Enterprise Fund

Balance Sheet

June 30, 2014

<u>Assets</u>

Current assets: Unrestricted:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	673,302
Accounts receivable, net of \$130,112 allowance for doubtful accounts	Ψ	550,088
Due from the State of Alaska		709,632
Total unrestricted current assets	-	1,933,022
Total amounted carron accept	-	1,000,022
Non-current assets:		
Restricted assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents		2,633,333
Capital assets:		
Depreciated, net		20,516,595
Not being depreciated		11,400,331
	_	
Total assets	\$	36,483,281
Liabilities and Net Position		
Current liabilities:		
Bonds payable - current portion		109,468
Accounts payable		713,893
Accrued interest payable		50,459
Due to General Fund		1,608,853
Unearned revenue		140,470
Prepaid lease revenue	_	891,646
Total current liabilities		3,514,789
Non-current liabilities:		
Bonds payable	-	4,360,983
Total liabilities	_	7,875,772
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets		27,446,475
Restriction for causeway operation		2,633,333
Unrestricted		(1,472,299)
Total net position	-	28,607,509
· otol· ··o· pooliio·	-	_0,007,000
Total liabilities and net position	\$	36,483,281
	=	

Proprietary Fund

Port Facility Enterprise Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Year Ended June 30, 2014

Operating revenues:		
Causeway terminal facility	\$	847,954
Seawall terminal facility		448,900
Industrial park		389,132
Other		33,643
Total operating revenues		1,719,629
Operating expenses:		
Direct expenses:		
Causeway terminal facility		606,087
Seawall terminal facility		102,985
Industrial park		211,337
Total direct expenses		920,409
General and administrative expenses:		202.242
Other	-	622,010
Total operating expenses, excluding depreciation		1,542,419
Depreciation:		
Causeway terminal facility		929,694
Seawall terminal facility		240,729
Quarry terminal facility		196,136
Industrial park		20,032
Vehicles		13,216
Total depreciation	•	1,399,807
Total operating expenses		2,942,226
Operating (loss)	-	(1,222,597)
Non-operating income (expenses):		
Interest income		7,609
Interest expense		(159,998)
Intergovernmental		52,126
Total non-operating income (expense)	•	(100,263)
(Loss) before capital contributions		(1,322,860)
Capital contributions - State of Alaska		4,043,830
Change in net position		2,720,970
Net position, beginning of year		25,886,539
Net position, end of year	\$	28,607,509

Proprietary Fund

Port Facility Enterprise Fund

Statement of Cash Flows

Year Ended June 30, 2014

Cash flows provided (used) by operating activities:		
Receipts from customers and users	\$	1,366,702
Payments to employees		(558,744)
Payments to vendors		(332,064)
Net cash provided by operating activities		475,894
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities-		
Internal activity- payments to/from other funds		433,569
Cash flows provided (used) by capital and related financing activities:		
Principal paid on debt		(105,166)
Interest paid on debt		(144,835)
Capital contributions		3,850,625
Acquisition of capital assets		(4,593,368)
Net cash (used) by capital and related financing activities		(992,744)
Cash flows provided by investing activities:		
Interest income		7,609
Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(75,672)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		3,382,307
Cash and Cash equivalents at beginning of year		3,302,307
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	3,306,635
Composed of:		
Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents		673,302
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		2,633,333
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,306,635
	Ψ	0,000,000
Reconciliation of change in net assets to cash provided by operating activities:		
Operating (loss)		(1,222,597)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:		, , ,
Depreciation		1,399,807
Bad debt expense		37,597
On-behalf payment		52,126
Changes in assets and liabilities that provided (used) cash:		
Accounts receivable		(384,135)
Accounts payable		599,485
Prepaid lease revenue		(6,389)
Net cash provided by operating activities		475,894

1,930,694

CITY OF NOME, ALASKA

Fiduciary Fund - Deferred Compensation Plan

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

June 30, 2014

<u>Assets</u>

Investments: ICMA Retirement Corporation The Hartford		\$ \$	191,948 1,738,746 1,930,694
	Net Position	Ψ =	1,930,094

Deferred compensation plan

Held in trust for:

Fiduciary Fund - Deferred Compensation Plan

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

Year Ended June 30, 2014

Additions: Contributions Investment income Total additions	\$ 43,500 324,985 368,485
Deductions: Regular benefit payments	49,200
Change in net position	319,285
Net position, beginning of year	1,611,409
Net position, end of year	\$ 1,930,694

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2014

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) General

The City of Nome, Alaska, Alaska (City) was incorporated in 1901 as a first-class city under the laws of the Territory of Alaska. The City operates under council-manager form of government and performs municipal duties allowed by Alaska Statues and as directed by its residents.

The financial results of the recurring activities performed directly by the City (which include public safety, roads and building maintenance and improvements, swimming pool, administration, planning and zoning, public library, museum and recreation) are accounted for in the funds of the City. As discussed in the following paragraphs, the City delegates certain functions to other organizations.

(b) Reporting Entity

Water, sewer and electrical utility service provided to area residents is a function of the City delegated to the Nome Joint Utility System (Utility System), a legal subdivision of the City in accordance with Alaska Statute 29.43.340. The City has the authority for approval of all budgets, rates, acquisition and disposal of all real property. Ownership of the utility plant is with the Utility System. The accounts and financial transactions of the Utility System are maintained separate from those of the City and are included herein. Financial statements of the Utility System can be obtained be contacting the Utility Management at P.O. Box 70, Nome, Alaska 99762.

Public education provided to area residents is a function of the City delegated to the Nome Public Schools (School District), a legal subdivision of the City, in accordance with Alaska Statute 29.43.030. The City has the authority for approval of all budgets, rates, acquisition and disposal of all real property. Maintenance of the building improvements and equipment is with the School District. The accounts and financial transactions of the School District are maintained separate from those of the City and are included in the financial statements. Financial statements of the School District can be obtained by contacting the School District at P.O. Box 131, Nome, Alaska 99762.

In conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, the financial data of all potential component units included in the financial reporting entity meet the criteria for discrete presentation. These units included in a separate column to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City. Each potential component unit issues separate financial statements and has a June 30 year-end, except for the Utility System, which has a December 31 year-end.

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

(c) Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the total columns in the statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component unit for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Deferred inflows of resources are the acquisition of fund balance/net position by the City that are applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred outflows of resources are the consumption of fund balance/net position by the City that are applicable to a future reporting period.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. The major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise fund are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

(d) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property tax and sales tax are susceptible to accrual. Other receipts, including licenses, interest, and taxes become measurable and available when cash is received by the City and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued

Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of a receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grants, including capital grants, recognize revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met and when revenues are considered to be available and measurable, which is considered to be within 12 months of the end of the current fiscal period.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It allows for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The Museum Construction and Development Capital Project Fund is used to account for the construction of museum projects within the city.

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Port Facility Enterprise Fund accounts for the operations of the Nome Port Facility.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

- Special Revenue Funds accounts for revenue sources that are legally restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes.
- Capital Project Funds accounts for the acquisition of the capital assets or construction of major capital projects not being financed by proprietary funds.
- Debt Service Fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest
- Fiduciary Fund accounts for the City's Internal Revenue Code Section 457 deferred compensation plan.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity had been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services for the causeway terminal facility, seawall terminal facility, and industrial pad. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenue recognition of capital contributions are based on the requirements of the expenses. Revenue recognition of capital contributions are based on the requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Transactions.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued

(e) Estimates

In preparing the financial statements, management of the City is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements and revenues and expenditures/expenses for the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(f) Cash and Short-Term Investments

The City's short-term investments have maturities of less than one year, and are reported at fair value in the accompanying financial statements.

(g) Restricted Assets

Restricted assets consist of assets that must be used for the Port facilities causeway as required by bond indentures. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

(h) Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "internal balances" on the statement of the net position and as "advances to/from other funds" in the fund statements.

All outstanding current balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds" in the fund statements. These balances represent the numerous transactions that occur during the course of operations between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. On the statements of cash flows for proprietary funds, these are treated as cash and cash equivalent transactions.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for doubtful receivables. The allowance for doubtful receivables is an estimate of the amount uncollectible based on past experience.

(i) Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

(j) Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, buildings, vehicles and equipment are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the governmental-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an individual cost of more that \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed and depreciated on a straight-line basis.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued

Donated capital assets or capital assets received in exchange are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation or exchange. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized on general fixed assets. The City has elected to capitalize infrastructure, retroactively.

All capital assets acquired or constructed for general government and school purposes are reported as expenditures in the fund that finances the asset acquisition.

Port depreciation is computed by the straight-line method over the estimated life of the assets as follows:

	Life in years
Causeway	40
C-Cell docks	36
Fuel lines	40
Quarry jetty	40
Building	25
Machinery and equipment	5-7

(k) Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused personal leave benefits. All personal leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

(I) Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statements of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

In the governmental fund financial statements bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, are recognized during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

(m) Unbilled Revenue

The Utility System's billing for the sale of electrical energy and water consumption reflects metered energy and water sold through varying dates ending prior to the end of the monthly and annual accounting periods. The Utility System estimates and records the revenue earned for the sale of electrical energy and water consumption from the last billing through the end of the accounting period.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued

(n) Unearned Revenues

Amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met are recorded as unearned revenue.

(o) Prepaid Lease Revenue

The City received advanced payment on a 35-year lease of land it owns. Revenue is recognized in the Port Fund each year for the payment related to the lease, with deferral of revenue recognized as prepaid lease revenue.

(p) Fund Equity

In the Fund Financial Statements, fund balance includes five classifications for fund balance as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – Amounts that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (such as the corpus of an endowment fund) or amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory, prepaid expenses, supplies, long-term receivables). Such constraint is binding until the legal or contractual requirement is repealed or the amounts become spendable.

Restricted Fund Balance – Amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation. Such constraint is binding unless modified or rescinded by external body, laws, or regulation.

Committed Fund Balance – Includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's Council in the form of an ordinance or resolution. Commitments may be changed or lifted by the Board taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally.

Assigned Fund Balance – Fund Balance comprises amounts intended to be used by the City for specific purposes: intent can be expressed by the Council or by the management, having been designated such authority. Such constraint is binding unless modified or eliminated by the Council or Management. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the amount that is not restricted or committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – Fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications. Positive unassigned amounts will be reported only in the Operating Fund. If another governmental fund, other than the General Fund, has a fund balance deficit, then it will be reported as a negative amount in the unassigned classification in that fund.

The order of spending, regarding the restricted and unrestricted fund balance when an expenditure is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, should first reduce restricted fund balance and then unrestricted fund balance. The order of spending regarding unrestricted fund balance is that committed amounts should be reduced first, followed by the assigned amounts, and then the unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued

Compliance with the provisions of the Fund Balance Classification Policy are reviewed as part of the annual budget adoption process. The Mayor reports to the Council as close to the end of the year as possible the anticipated year-end fund balance or deficit. The Council takes appropriate action to commit or assign, or otherwise allocate prior year fund balances as a part of the budget planning process.

The City's Special Revenue Funds are used to account for administration, police, public works and library programs that are restricted or committed.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to assign that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported in assigned fund balances since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. The amount of encumbrances, if significant, are disclosed in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements as commitments.

(q) Net Position

Government-wide net position is divided into three components:

- Net investment in capital assets consists of the historical cost of capital assets less
 accumulated depreciation and less any debt that remains outstanding that was used to finance
 those assets plus deferred outflows of resources less deferred inflows of resources related to
 those assets.
- Restricted net position consists of assets that are restricted by the City's creditors (for example, through debt covenants), by the state enabling legislation (through restrictions on shared revenues), by grantors (both federal and state), and by other contributors. The City has restricted net position that consists of amounts of restricted for debt services, causeway operations, and E-911 surcharge.
- Unrestricted all other net position is reported in this category.

(r) Statement of Cash Flows

The City follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Codification P80. This statement established standards for reporting cash flows of Proprietary Funds. For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the City has defined cash as the demand deposits and all investments maintained in the cash management pool, regardless of maturity period, since the various funds use the cash management pool essentially as a demand deposit account.

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

(s) Deferred Compensation

The City offers their employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan permits employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or an unforeseeable emergency.

The City has determined that a fiduciary relationship does exist between it and its IRC Section 457 deferred compensation plan. The deferred compensation plan is reported as a pension trust fund.

(t) Retirement Plans

All full-time employees and certain permanent part-time employees of the City participate in the State of Alaska Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS).

The City has adopted GASB Codification P20, *Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers* and GASB Codification P50, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pension*. GASB Codification P20 and P50 establish uniform standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of pension and postretirement health and expenditures/expense and related liabilities, assets, note disclosure and applicable required supplementary information in the financial reports of the state and local governmental employers.

(u) Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. The City's insurance is on a claims basis.

Coverage is as follows:

Type of coverage	Limits of coverage	<u>Deductible</u>
Property	\$1,000,000,000 including	
	sublimits as scheduled	500,000 to 100,000
Commercial blanket bond		
 employee dishonesty 	100,000 up to 500,000	1,000
Workers' compensation	2,500,000	-
General, auto, public		
officials' and police liability:		
Excess limits	10,250,000	10,000
Employment related		
practices	10,250,000	-

Claims on insurance have not exceeded coverage's in any of the last three years.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued

(2) **Property Taxes**

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property. Taxes are levied on the assessed value of taxable property as of January 1. Pursuant to Alaska Statute 29.53.170, the City establishes the mill rate on or before June 15. Tax bills mailed prior to July 1 are payable in two installments on July 15 and October 15. City property tax revenues are recognized in the fiscal year in which they become collectable. At June 30, 2014 the real and personal property tax levy of \$3,384,094 is reflected as deferred inflows of resources in the General Fund.

At June 30, 2014, property tax receivables included the following:

2014 real and personal property taxes due in fiscal year 2015	\$ 3,254,602
Real and personal property taxes currently past due	218,738
	3,473,340
Less estimated allowance for doubtful collections	16,814
	\$ 3,456,526

(3) Cash and Short-Term Investments

As of June 30, 2014, the City had the following investments:

		Investment maturities (in years		
	Fair	Less		
Investment type	<u>Value</u>	than 1	<u>1 to 5</u>	<u>5-10</u>
Large Cap Equity	\$ 1,240,305	1,240,305	-	-
Mid Cap Equity	117,485	117,485	-	-
Small Cap Equity	70,516	70,516	-	-
International Equity Fund	52,213	52,213	-	-
Balanced Funds	113,377	113,377	-	-
Bonds	336,798	336,798		
Total investments in deferred				
Compensation	\$ <u>1,930,694</u>	<u>1,930,694</u>	_	
Money Market Funds	6,124,725	6,124,725		
Total investments	\$ <u>8,055,419</u>	<u>8,055,419</u>		

At June 30, 2014, the City had \$1,930,694 of investments in its pension trust fund that accounts for the City's Internal Revenue Code Section 457 deferred compensation plan.

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

(A) Interest Rate Risk

The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

(B) Credit Risk

Statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the United States, the State of Alaska and its political subdivisions, savings accounts, certificates of deposit, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, and such other legal security instruments. The City code requires all investments to be collateralized and/or insured.

(C) Concentration of Credit Risk

The City places no limit in the amount the City may invest in any one issuer.

The following investments exceed 5% of the total portfolio in the Fiduciary Fund:

<u>Investment</u>	Jur	e 30th Balance	<u>Percentage</u>
Htfd Cap App HLS	\$	641,886	33%
General		196,515	10%
Janus Twenty		192,059	10%
AmCentury Ultra		101,417	5%

(D) Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

The City maintains a cash pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is reported on the balance sheet as "Cash and cash equivalents" or amounts "due to/from other funds."

The City's bank accounts are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) to a maximum of \$250,000. U.S. Treasury obligations collateralize the remaining bank balance, which is held by Bank of New York in a Tri-party collateral agreement with Wells Fargo, the pledging financial institution's agent, in the City's name.

(E) Custodial Credit Risk – Investments

For an investment, this is a risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City had no debt securities exposed to custodial credit risk at June 30, 2014.

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

Reconciliation to the City's June 30, 2014 financial statements follows:

Petty cash	\$ 550
Demand deposits	6,320,542
Money market funds	6,124,725
Investment in deferred compensation plans	1,930,694
	\$ <u>14,376,511</u>
Governmental activities	\$ 9,139,182
Business type activities	3,306,635
Fiduciary activity	1,930,694
	\$ 14,376,511

(4) Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the government's individual major funds and non-major funds, and business type activities, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	_	General Fund	Museum Construction and Development Capital Project Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	Business-type Activities	Total
Receivables:							
Property tax	\$	3,473,340	-	-	3,473,340	-	3,473,340
Sales and bed tax		520,320	-	-	520,320	-	520,320
State of Alaska and							
Federal Government		11,012	733,193	42,934	787,139	709,632	1,496,771
Accounts - unrestricted		-	-	-	-	680,200	680,200
Other		150,322		6,469	156,791		156,791
Gross receivables	-	4,154,994	733,193	49,403	4,937,590	1,389,832	6,327,422
Less: allowance for							
uncollectibles		23,313			23,313	130,112	153,425
Net total receivables	\$	4,131,681	733,193	49,403	4,914,277	1,259,720	6,173,997

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

The City reports unearned revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unavailable revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	<u>Unavailable</u>	<u>Unearned</u>
Deferred Inflows (General Fund)	\$ 3,384,094	-
Grant advances prior to expending all proceeds		<u>347,211</u>
Total unavailable/unearned revenue	\$ 3,384,094	<u>347,211</u>

(5) <u>Long-Term Note Receivable</u>

During 2003, the City entered into a long-term note receivable agreement with the School District for the purpose of renovating the Nome-Beltz Apartments. Under the terms of the note, the School can borrow, on an actual cost reimbursable basis, an amount not to exceed \$565,400. The note is due in monthly installments of \$3,279 per month including interest at 3.5% for the first five years. Repayment terms and interest rates will be adjusted every five years to reflect 75% of the prime rate.

A schedule of changes in long-term notes for the year ended June 30, 2014 follows:

	Balance			Balance
	July 1,			June 30,
	2013	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	2014
Renovation note	\$ 336,207	-	<u>28,028</u>	308,179

Annual payment requirements to maturity follow:

Year Ending			
June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2015	\$ 29,026	10,323	39,349
2016	30,058	9,291	39,349
2017	31,127	8,222	39,349
2018	32,234	7,115	39,349
2019-2023	179,214	17,531	196,745
2024	6,520	29	6,549
	\$ <u>308,179</u>	<u>52,511</u>	<u>360,690</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued

(6) <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2014, was as follows:

	Balance at				Balance at
	July 1, 2013	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	*Transfers	June 30, 2014
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land general government	\$ 6,412,613	321,502	-	-	6,734,115
Land-schools	749,400	-	-	-	749,400
Artwork	247,975	-	-	-	247,975
Construction work in progress	438,402	1,681,288	186,468		1,933,222
Total	7,848,390	2,002,790	186,468	-	9,664,712
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings-general government	24,603,604	186,468	-	-	24,790,072
Buildings-schools	47,955,334	-	-	-	47,955,334
Vehicles, trucks and trailers	5,587,843	237,075	23,603	8,000	5,793,315
Assets other than buildings	973,456	35,973	22,805	-	986,624
Machinery and equipment	751,378	94,785	72,603	-	773,560
Office machinery and equipment	647,313	7,963			655,276
Total	80,518,928	562,264	119,011	8,000	80,954,181
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings-general government	10,626,733	647,335	-	-	11,274,068
Buildings-schools	27,393,472	1,412,861	-	-	28,806,333
Vehicles, trucks and trailers	3,889,346	520,758	23,603	8,000	4,378,501
Assets other than buildings	860,866	11,109	22,805	-	849,170
Machinery and equipment	560,810	43,371	59,908	-	544,273
Office machinery and equipment	440,913	67,617			508,530
Total	43,772,140	2,703,051	106,316	8,000	46,360,875
Total capital assets,					
being depreciated, net	36,746,788	(2,140,787)	(12,695)		34,593,306
Governmental activities	\$ 44,595,178	(137,997)	(199,163)	<u>-</u>	44,258,018

^{*} Equipment was transferred from governmental activities to business-type activities at a \$0 net value.

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

		Balance at				Balance at
		July 1, 2013	Increases	Decreases	*Transfer	June 30, 2014
Business-type activities:						
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	5,153,383	-	-	-	5,153,383
Tideland patent		736,400	-	-	-	736,400
Construction in progress	_	945,143	4,578,499	13,094		5,510,548
Total	-	6,834,926	4,578,499	13,094	-	11,400,331
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Small boat harbor		5,380,529	-	-	-	5,380,529
Causeway		28,582,663	-	-	-	28,582,663
Buildings		532,036	-	-	-	532,036
Machinery and equipment		330,796	2,800	-	8,000	341,596
Quarry Jetty		3,831,791	-	-	-	3,831,791
C-Cell dock-North		1,713,000	-	-	-	1,713,000
C-Cell dock-South		1,704,749	-	-	-	1,704,749
Other	_	4,394,066	25,163	<u> </u>		4,419,229
Total	_	46,469,630	27,963	-	8,000	46,505,593
Less accumulated depreciation:						
Small boat harbor		1,284,179	160,959	-	-	1,445,138
Causeway		18,429,865	714,566	-	-	19,144,431
Buildings		412,368	11,740	-	-	424,108
Machinery and equipment		155,421	43,076	-	8,000	206,497
Quarry Jetty		845,990	196,136	-	-	1,042,126
C-Cell dock-North		875,831	61,834	-	-	937,665
C-Cell dock-South		996,870	51,097	-	-	1,047,967
Other	_	1,580,667	160,399	<u>-</u>		1,741,066
Total	_	24,581,191	1,399,807		8,000	25,988,998
Total capital assets,						
being depreciated, net	_	21,888,439	(1,371,844)		<u>-</u>	20,516,595
Business-type activities	\$ _	28,723,365	3,206,655	(13,094)	<u>-</u>	31,916,926

^{*} Equipment was transferred from governmental activities to business-type activities at a \$0 net value.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to the departments and functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:

Depreciation:	
Legislative	\$ 7,882
Administrative	48,492
City Clerk	3,616
Police	232,542
Animal Control	548
Fire	147,578
Ambulance	200,645
Public works	555,521
Recreation center	88,837
Swimming pool	3,374
Museum	1,155
Education	1,412,861
Total depreciation	<u>2,703,051</u>
Business-type activities	
Port	\$ 1,399,807

(7) <u>Long-Term Debt</u>

Changes in long-term debt follows:

	Balance at			Balance at	Due within
	July 1, 2013	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	June 30, 2014	one year
Governmental activities:					
Compensated absences	\$ 319,882	386,003	351,588	354,297	-
General obligation bonds	5,768,000	-	305,000	5,463,000	315,000
Premium on general					
obligation bonds	184,484	-	16,772	167,712	-
Landfill loan	849,334	-	147,202	702,132	149,416
Landfill closure and					
postclosure costs	745,315	41,294		786,609	
	7,867,015	427,297	820,562	7,473,750	464,416
Business-type activities:					
Revenue bonds	\$ 4,575,617		105,166	4,470,451	109,468

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued

A summary of long-term bonded debt serviced directly by the City Port Facility Enterprise Fund at June 30, 2014 follows:

	1986 Series A								
Year ending	Port Rever	ue Bonds							
June 30	 Principal	Interest							
2015	\$ 109,468	179,956							
2016	113,946	175,478							
2017	118,607	170,816							
2018	123,460	165,964							
2019	128,510	160,913							
2020-2024	725,849	721,271							
2025-2029	886,977	560,142							
2030-2034	965,447	336,959							
2035-2039	1,298,187	148,930							
	\$ 4,470,451	2,620,429							

The 1986 Series A Port Revenue Bond covenants require the City to establish, maintain and collect rates and charges for port services that will provide revenues each calendar year equal to at least 1.5 times the amount required each such calendar year to pay the principal and interest on these bonds and all port revenue bonds which may have an equal lien on the revenues of the port facility or moneys in the Port Facilities Revenue Fund, after necessary port operating and maintenance expenses have been paid but before depreciation. The covenants also required the establishment of certain accounts and funds to facilitate the repayment of this bond.

In early 2009, the City accepted NOAA's last offer, which includes repayment of the loan principal beginning January 1, 2009 at 4.05% for 30 years, with interest being deferred for the first 5 years and partially deferred for the second 5 years.

The 1986 Series A Port Revenue Bond covenants require the City to establish and maintain a reserve account from funds collected in the Port Facility Revenue Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

A summary of long-term bonded debt serviced directly by the City general government fund at June 30, 2014 follows:

	2003 QZAB		2006	A	2007 A		
Year ending	School G.	O. Bonds	School G.C	D. Bonds	School G.O. Bonds		
June 30	 Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2015	-	-	60,000	36,401	135,000	46,397	
2016	-	-	60,000	34,001	140,000	39,894	
2017	-	-	60,000	31,601	145,000	32,419	
2018	-	-	65,000	29,201	155,000	25,247	
2019	-	-	70,000	25,201	165,000	17,859	
2020-2024	1,798,000	-	385,000	80,421	345,000	14,228	
2025-2027	-		175,000	7,721			
	\$ 1,798,000		875,000	244,547	1,085,000	176,044	

		200	9	201	2			
Year ending	_	School G.0	D. Bonds	School G.O. Bonds		Tot		
June 30	_	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total
2015		25,000	28,263	95,000	50,725	315,000	161,786	476,786
2016		25,000	27,138	100,000	47,300	325,000	148,333	473,333
2017		25,000	26,075	105,000	43,200	335,000	133,295	468,295
2018		30,000	25,044	110,000	38,900	360,000	118,392	477,042
2019		30,000	23,694	115,000	33,825	380,000	100,579	480,579
2020-2024		175,000	94,538	645,000	79,125	3,348,000	268,312	3,616,312
2025-2029	_	225,000	41,025			400,000	48,746	448,746
	\$_	535,000	265,777	1,170,000	293,075	5,463,000	979,443	6,442,443

In December 2003, the City issued \$1,798,000 of Qualified Zone Academy Bonds (QZAB) for the purpose of paying the cost of financing the acquisition, construction, installation and major renovation and renewal of school and capital related improvements in the City. The bonds provide for a single payment of principal at maturity date of approximately December 18, 2018. The bonds are supported by a sinking fund, whereby the City is obligated to make annual deposits of \$96,526 until maturity with deposits earning an annual interest rate of 3%. Total deposit payments required to the sinking fund are \$1,447,695, with interest earning of \$350,305.

In February 2006, the City issued \$1,260,000 of Series A General Obligation School Bonds for the purpose of financing the acquisition, construction, installation and major renovation and renewal of school related projects.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued

In January 2007, the City issued \$1,855,000 of 2007 Series A General Obligation Refunding Bonds to advance refund \$1,400,000 of principal and \$365,288 of interest of the outstanding general obligation bonds, 2000 Series E.

In April 2009, the City issued \$644,195 of 2009 General Obligation School Bonds for the purpose of financing construction and renovation work at the school.

In May 2012, the City issued \$1,180,000 of 2012 Series A General Obligation Refunding Bonds to advance refund \$1,245,000 of principal for the outstanding general obligation bonds, 2004 Series B. The bond was issued with a premium of \$201,256. For the year ended June 30, 2014, the City amortized \$16,772, leaving \$167,712 in unamortized premiums.

In 1995, the City issued a note payable to the State of Alaska, Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC) in the amount of \$2,000,000 for the purpose of financing a landfill project. The loan requires annual principal and interest payments of \$92,247 and bears interest at 1.5%. In addition to the annual payment, the City is making extra payments towards principal.

In 2009, the City issued a note payable to the State of Alaska, Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC) in the amount of \$750,000 for the purpose of financing a landfill project. The loan requires annual principal and interest payments of \$43,684 and bears interest at 1.5%. In addition to the annual payment, the City is making extra payments towards principal.

A summary of long-term debt payable to the ADEC serviced directly by the City general government fund at June 30, 2014 follows:

Year					
ending	ADEC	Loan			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total		
2015	149,416	10,527	159,943		
2016	151,657	8,286	159,943		
2017	153,927	6,016	159,943		
2018	156,236	3,707	159,943		
2019	90,896	1,359	92,255		
	\$ 702,132	29,895	732,027		

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued

Utility System Bond Ordinance Requirements

The Utility System is required to comply with various requirements established by the bond ordinance relating to each of the issues, including periodic payments to the trustees to cover principal and interest payments due the next year (bond redemption reserves).

(8) <u>Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers</u>

(a) Interfund Receivables and Payables

A summary of interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2014 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount		
Major governmental funds:				
General Fund	Port Enterprise Fund	\$ 1,608,853		
	Museum Construction and			
	Development Fund	409,049		
	Other Governmental Funds	760,073		
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	 1,970,546		
Total primary government		\$ 4,748,521		

(b) Interfund Transfers

A summary of interfund transfers in and out of June 30, 2014 is as follows:

Transfer in:		Transfer out:
		General Fund
Technical Assistance Museum	\$	9
Nome Eskimo Roads		1,785
Debt Service Fund	_	577,777
Total	\$	579,571

There was a transfer from the General Fund to the Debt Service fund to cover scheduled bond payments and transfers to the Technical Assistance Museum and Nome Eskimo Roads funds to cover the excess of expenditures over revenues.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued

(9) Employee Retirement Systems and Plans

The City has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification P20, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employees and GASB Codification P50, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post-employment Benefits Other than Pensions. GASB Codification P20 and GASB Codification P50 establish uniform standards for the measurement, recognition and display of pension and other post-employment benefits other than pensions (healthcare) expenditures/expense and related liabilities, assets, note disclosure and applicable required supplementary information in the financial reports of state and local governmental employers.

Retirement Plans. All full-time employees and certain permanent part-time employees of the City participate in the State of Alaska Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS). In addition to the pension plan the system also administers a post-employment healthcare benefit plan.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies. PERS financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The City's contributions are recognized when due and a formal commitment to provide the contributions has been made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. All plan investments are reported at fair market value or estimated fair market value.

Termination Costs. If the government decides to terminate coverage for a department, group, or other classification of members, even if that termination results from the decision to divest of a particular governmental function, all affected employees in that department, group or other classification of members become immediately vested in the plan. The government must pay to have a termination study completed. The purpose of the study is to calculate the government's one-time termination costs. The costs represent the amount necessary to fully fund the costs of plan members who become vested through this process and for other changes in actuarial assumptions, such as, earlier than expected retirement, that arise from the act of termination of coverage. The government must pay a lump sum within 60 days of termination or arrange a payment plan that is acceptable to the PERS Administrator. For fiscal year 2014 the past service rate is 24.19%.

Plan Description. The City contributes to the Alaska Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), which includes both a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension and a post-employment healthcare plans administered by the Commissioner of Administration and the Alaska Retirement Management Board (ARMB). There are currently 160 employers participating in PERS, including the State of Alaska and 159 political subdivisions and public organizations. PERS provides (1) retirement benefits including disability and death benefits, and post-employment healthcare to plan members and beneficiaries. The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions is assigned to the ARMB. The Public Employee's Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for PERS. This report may be obtained from the system at Pouch C, Juneau, Alaska 99811.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued

Benefits vest with five years of credited service. Employees enrolled prior to July 1, 1986 with five or more years of credited service are entitled to annual pension benefits beginning at normal retirement age 55 or early retirement age 50. For employees enrolled after June 30, 1986, but before July 1, 2006, the normal and early retirement ages are 60 and 55, respectively. Employees with 30 or more years of credited service may retire at any age and receive a normal benefit.

Retirement benefits are calculated by multiplying the average monthly compensation (AMC) times credited PERS service times the percentage multiplier. The AMC is determined by averaging the salaries earned during the five highest (three highest for Police/Fire members or members hired prior to July 1, 1996) consecutive payroll years. Members must earn at least 115 days of credit in the last year worked to include it in the AMC calculation. The PERS pays a minimum benefit of \$25 per month for each year of service when the calculated benefit is less.

The percentage multipliers for police/fire personnel are 2% for the first ten years of service and 2.5% for all service over 10 years. The percentage multipliers for all other participants are 2% for the first ten years, 2.25% for the next ten years, and 2.5% for all remaining service earned on or after July 1, 1986. All service before that date is calculated at 2%.

Post-employment healthcare benefits are provided without cost to all members first enrolled before July 1, 1986. Members first enrolled after June 30, 1986, but before July 1, 2006 and who have not reached age 60 may elect to pay for major medical benefits.

Pension benefits are adjusted each year based upon increases in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) for the prior year. The increase in the benefits is 75% of the CPI increase up to a 9% maximum for recipients who are at least age 65 or on disability or 50% of the increase up to a 6% maximum for recipients who are at least age 60 but under age 65 or who have been receiving benefits for at least five years. Starting at age 65, or at any age for those employed before July 1, 1986, a retired employee who remains in Alaska is eligible for an additional allowance equal to 10% of the base benefit or \$50 a month, whichever is greater.

Post Retirement Pension Adjustments. Post retirement pension adjustments (PRPAs) are granted annually to eligible benefit recipients when the consumer price index (CPI) increases during the preceding calendar year. PRPAs are calculated by multiplying the recipient's base benefit, including past PRPAs, times:

- (a) 75% of the CPI increase in the preceding calendar year or 9%, whichever is less, if the recipient is at least 65 or on PERS disability; or
- (b) 50% of the CPI increase in the preceding calendar year or 6%, whichever is less, if the recipient is at least 60, or has been receiving benefits for at least five years.

Ad hoc PRPAs, up to a maximum of 4%, may be granted to eligible recipients who first entered the PERS before July 1, 1986, if the CPI increases and the financial condition of the fund will permit an increase. In a year where an ad hoc PRPA is granted, eligible recipients will receive the higher of the two calculations.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued

Funding Policy. Active PERS members are required to contribute 6.75% (3.26% pension cost and 3.49% post-employment health care cost) of their annual covered salary and the City is required to contribute at an actuarial determined rate; the current rate is 35.68%. The legislature capped the employer rate at 22% (10.64% pension cost and 11.36% post-employment health care cost), with the State of Alaska contributing an on behalf payment for the difference between actuarial required contribution and the cap. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the ARMB.

During the 25th legislation session, Senate Bill 125 passed, which established a June 30, 2008 salary floor under AS 39.35.255(a)(2). The salary floor is the total base salaries paid by an employer to active employees of the system as of the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008. The statue requires the Division of Retirement and Benefits (Division) to collect employer contributions at a minimum based on FY 2008 base salaries.

Annual Pension, OPEB and Behalf Payment Cost. The City's annual pension cost for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$330,387, \$317,612, and \$335,214 respectively and was equal to the City's actual contributions. The State of Alaska contributed \$445,287, \$425,181, and \$345,092 respectively on behalf of the City.

Alaska Public Employee Retirement System (PERS) - Defined Contribution Plan

Plan Description and Funding Requirements. City's and Public Employers in the State of Alaska have a defined contribution retirement plan for new hires first enrolled on or after July 1, 2006. Plan members make mandatory contributions of 8% of gross eligible compensation. State statutes require the employer to contribute 5% of employees' eligible compensation. Additionally, employers are required to contribute 0.48% for the retiree medical plan, 1.14% for occupational and death and disability benefits and 3% of employers average annual employee compensation of the health reimbursement arrangement (HRA). The employer effective contribution rate is 22%. Plan members are 100% vested with their contributions. Members become vested in employers' contributions as follows:

2 years of service - 25%

3 years of service - 50%

4 years of service – 75%

5 years of service - 100%

Plan provisions and contribution requirements and amendments are established by the Alaska Retirement Management Board (ARMB). Total contributions for the year ended June 30, 2014 are as follows:

	<u>Employer</u>	Employee
Defined contribution	\$ 341,920	124,379
Retiree medical plan	7,463	-
Occupational health and disability benefits	6,351	-
Health reimbursement agreement (HRA)	50,324	-
Define benefit unfunded liability (DBUL)	200,044	-

Actual contributions were equal to the annual required contributions.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued

(10) Landfill Closure and Post Closure Costs

State and Federal laws and regulations require the City to place a final cover on its landfill sites when they stop accepting waste to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for 30 years after closure. Although closure and post closure costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfills stop accepting waste, the City reports a portion of these closure and post closure costs as a long-term liability at June 30, 2014, based on the landfill capacities used as of that date. The \$786,609 amount reported to date based on the use of 59.17%, 64.5%, 56.6% and 31.8% of the estimated capacities of the old and new landfills, monofill and post closure costs of \$1,526,271 as the remaining capacity is filled. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post closure costs in 2007. The City closed the old landfill and opened the new landfill in September 1996. Actual costs may change due to inflation, deflation, changes in technology, or changes in laws and regulations.

As of June 30, 2014, there are no state laws or regulations that require the City to provide financial assurances for the closure and post closure costs of the landfill. Federal regulations, which went into effect in April 1997, do require the City to provide financial assurances for future closure and post closure costs. There are a number of allowable mechanisms available. The City has decided to use the local government's financial test financial assurance mechanism to be in compliance with the April 1997 regulations. Future inflation costs and additional costs that might arise from changes in closure and post closure requirements are covered by charges to future landfill users, taxpayers, or both.

(11) <u>Litigation</u>

The City, in normal course of its activities, is involved in various claims and litigation. In the opinion of management, the disposition of these matters is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the financial statements of the City. The City may have insurance coverage for these matters.

(12) Contingent Liabilities

The City receives numerous grants, which are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. Management believes that such disallowances, if any, would not be material.

Notes to the Financial Statements, Continued

(13) Budget and Budgetary Accounting

The Nome Common Council (Council) is required to review or enact through the passage of a resolution or ordinance the budgets for the City, School District and Utility System prior to each entity's fiscal year-end, June 30 for the City and School District and December 31 for the Utility System. The City's operating budget is prepared by the City's manager in the spring proceeding the fiscal year to which it relates and is submitted to the Council for enactment. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the proposed means of financing them. The School District's budget is prepared by the Superintendent of Schools in the spring proceeding the fiscal year to which it relates. It is submitted to the Nome City School Board for review and approval and then to the Council for purposes of passing the resolution setting the contribution for the fiscal year. The Utility System's operating budget is prepared by the Utility System manager in the fall preceding the fiscal year to which it relates. It is submitted to the Nome Joint Utility System Board for review and approval and then to the Council for passage.

The City Manager, the Nome City School Board and the Nome Joint Utility System Board are authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within any fund or department; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund or department must be approved by the Council. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the City's and School District's General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and the City's Capital Projects Funds. All budgets are adopted on a basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and all lapse at year-end except for budgets related to the Capital Projects Funds and Special Revenue Funds. Budgeted amounts are presented as originally adopted or as amended by the Council.

(14) Subsequent Accounting Pronouncements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has passed several new accounting standards with upcoming implementation dates covering several topics as follows:

- GASB 68 Accounting and Reporting for Pensions an Amendment of GASB Statement No.27. Effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.
- GASB 69 Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations. Effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2013.
- GASB 71 Pension Transition for Contributions made Subsequent to the Measurement Date an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. Effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Statement 69 is not expected to have any significant impact on the financial statements of the City.

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

GASB Statements No. 68 and 71, objectives are to improve accounting and reporting for pensions. These Statements establish standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. These Statements establish methods and assumptions used to project benefit payments to their actuarial present value and attribute that present value to the periods of employee service. Note disclosures and required supplementary information are addressed in these Statements.

These Statements are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

(15) <u>Subsequent events</u>

Management has evaluated subsequent events through March 20, 2015, the date which the financial statements were available to issue.

The City of Nome agreed to provide a short-term line of credit of \$2.2 million to Nome Joint Utility System (NJUS) from its PERS and Self-Insurance Funds, effective November 14, 2014, to meet NJUS' interim cash flow requirements to allow payment of expenditures for construction activities anticipated to be reimbursed by various State/Federal grants and loans. Advances are primarily limited to grant and loan reimbursable items, and, as needed, to current fuel loan with Wells Fargo Bank to avoid late payment penalties. The term for the line of credit expires on June 30, 2015 with full repayment of principal plus accrued interest of 2.5% per annum.

ADDITIONAL SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF NOME, ALASKA Exhibit H-1

Other Governmental Funds

Combining Balance Sheet

June 30, 2014

	Special Revenue Funds										
			Local				NSEDC	NSEDC	Institute of		
	E 044	Bullet Proof	Emergency	DOT	Technical	NPD	Community	Community	Museum and	D 1.	
	E-911 Surcharge	Vest Partnership	Planning Committee	Law Enforcement	Assistance Museum	SART Grant	Benefits Share	Employment Program	Library Services Grant	Debt <u>Service</u>	<u>Total</u>
Assets	Surcharge	<u>r artifership</u>	Committee	Lillorcement	<u>iviuseum</u>	Giani	Share	Flogram	Services Grant	Service	Total
Restricted cash	\$ -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,307,014	2,307,014
Receivables:						40.0==					
Federal State of Alaska	-	1,103	-	955	-	13,977	-	-	-	-	16,035
Other	-	-	5,454 -	-	-	-	-	- 6,469	-	-	5,454 6,469
Due from other funds	268,328	-	- -	-	2,009	-	110,102	-	2,181	-	382,620
Total assets	\$ 268,328	1,103	5,454	955	2,009	13,977	110,102	6,469	2,181	2,307,014	2,717,592
<u>Liabilities and Fund Balances</u>											
Liabilities:											
Accounts payable	-	-	-	-	2,009	13,977	-	-	2,181	-	18,167
Unearned revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	110,102	-	-	-	110,102
Due to other funds		1,103	5,454	955				6,469		728,189	742,170
Total liabilities		1,103	5,454	955	2,009	13,977	110,102	6,469	2,181	728,189	870,439
Fund balances:											
Restricted:											
Debt service	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,578,825	1,578,825
E-911 Surcharge	268,328	-	-	-	-	-	=	-	-	-	268,328
Assigned:											
Bond reimbursement for capital projects Landfill	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- -	-	-
Total fund balances	268,328									1,578,825	1,847,153
Total falla balanoo										1,010,020	1,017,100
	\$ 268,328	1,103	5,454	955	2,009	13,977	110,102	6,469	2,181	2,307,014	2,717,592

(Continued)

Other Governmental Funds

Combining Balance Sheet, Continued

		Capital Project Funds							
<u>Assets</u>		<u>Landfill</u>	Public School Sprinkler and Fire <u>Alarm System</u>	Nome Eskimo <u>Roads</u>	Museum Bering <u>Center</u>	School Renovation and Repairs	<u>Total</u>	Total Other Governmental <u>Funds</u>	
Restricted cash Receivables:	\$	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,307,014	
Federal		-	_	_	-	-	-	16,035	
State of Alaska		-	19,171	-	-	2,274	21,445	26,899	
Other		-	· -	-	-	-	-	6,469	
Due from other funds	_	704,667		51,785	84,533	746,941	1,587,926	1,970,546	
Total assets	\$	704,667	19,171	51,785	84,533	749,215	1,609,371	4,326,963	
Liabilities and Fund Balances									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable		-	1,268	51,785	-	-	53,053	71,220	
Unearned revenue		-	-	-	84,533	-	84,533	194,635	
Due to other funds		-	17,903	-	-	-	17,903	760,073	
Total liabilities	_	-	19,171	51,785	84,533		155,489	1,025,928	
Fund balances:									
Restricted:									
Debt service		-	-	-	-	-	-	1,578,825	
E-911 Surcharge		-	-	-	-	-	-	268,328	
Assigned:									
Bond reimbursement for capital projects		-	-	-	-	749,215	749,215	749,215	
Landfill		704,667		-			704,667	704,667	
Total fund balances	_	704,667	-	-		749,215	1,453,882	3,301,035	
	\$	704,667	19,171	51,785	84,533	749,215	1,609,371	4,326,963	

CITY OF NOME, ALASKA Exhibit H-2

Other Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Special Revenue Funds									
		E-911 Surcharge	FEMA Emergency Management <u>Performance</u>	Bullet Proof Vest Partnership	Local Emergency Planning <u>Committee</u>	Public Library <u>Assistance</u>	DOT Law <u>Enforcement</u>	Technical Assistance <u>Museum</u>		
Revenues:										
Local sources: Investment income	\$									
Other	Ф	- 98,525	•	-	-	-	-	-		
Intergovernmental:		90,323		-	-	-	-	-		
State of Alaska		_	_	_	12,143	7,474	_	2,000		
Federal sources		_	83,085	1,103	-	5,904	9,465	-		
Total revenues	=	98,525	83,085	1,103	12,143	13,378	9,465	2,000		
Expenditures: Current:										
Administrative		_	_	-	_	_	_	_		
Police		56,782	-	1,103	-	-	9,465	-		
Fire		-	-	-	6,071	-	-	-		
Ambulance		-	-	-	6,072	-	-	-		
Public works		-	83,085	-	-	-	-	2,009		
Library		-	-	-	-	13,378	-	-		
Debt service:										
Principal		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Interest		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Capital outlay	_	-	-							
Total expenditures	-	56,782	83,085	1,103	12,143	13,378	9,465	2,009		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	41,743						(9)		
Other financing sources: Transfers in		_	_	_	_	_	-	9		
	_									
Net change in fund balances		41,743	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Fund balances, beginning of year	_	226,585								
Fund balances, end of year	\$ _	268,328								

(Continued)

Other Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, Continued

		Special Revenue Funds									
		NPD SART <u>Grant</u>	NPD NSHC SART IHS <u>Grant</u>	NSEDC Community Benefits <u>Share</u>	NSEDC Community Employment <u>Program</u>	Institute of Museum and Library Services Grant	Debt <u>Service</u>	<u>Total</u>			
Revenues:											
Local sources:											
Investment income	\$	-	-	-	-	-	31,587	31,587			
Other		-	-	157,778	12,856	-	-	269,159			
Intergovernmental:											
State of Alaska		-	-	-	-	-	227,457	249,074			
Federal sources	_	18,948	6,152	- 457.770	- 10.050	7,000	-	131,657			
Total revenues	_	18,948	6,152	157,778	12,856	7,000	259,044	681,477			
Expenditures:											
Current:											
Administrative		-	-	-	12,856	-	-	12,856			
Police		18,948	6,152	-	-	-	-	92,450			
Fire		-						6,071			
Ambulance		-						6,072			
Public works		-	-	157,778	-	-	-	242,872			
Library		-	-	-	-	7,000	-	20,378			
Debt service:							005.000	005.000			
Principal		-	-	-	-	-	305,000	305,000			
Interest		-	-	-	-	-	176,252	176,252			
Capital outlay	_	18,948	- 0.450	157,778	12,856	7,000	404.050	861,951			
Total expenditures	_	18,948	6,152	157,778	12,836	7,000	481,252	861,951			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues											
over expenditures	_						(222,208)	(180,474)			
Other financing sources:											
Transfers in	_	-		-	-		577,777	577,786			
Net change in fund balances		-	-	-	-	-	355,569	397,312			
Fund balances, beginning of year	_	-					1,223,256	1,449,841			
Fund balances, end of year	\$	-					1,578,825	1,847,153			

(Continued)

Other Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, Continued

	_	Capital Project Funds						
		<u>Landfill</u>	Public School Sprinkler and Fire Alarm System	Nome Eskimo <u>Roads</u>	Distribution of Affordable Energy Sources	School Renovation and Repairs	<u>Total</u>	Total Other Governmental Funds
Revenues:								
Local sources:								
Investment income	\$	-	-	-	-	=	-	31,587
Other		-	-	-	-	=	-	269,159
Intergovernmental:								
State of Alaska		-	22,361	-	300,000	=	322,361	571,435
Federal sources		-	-	50,000	-	=	50,000	181,657
Total revenues	-	-	22,361	50,000	300,000		372,361	1,053,838
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Administrative		-	-	-	-	-	-	12,856
Police		-	-	-	-	-	-	92,450
Fire		-	-	-	-	-	-	6,071
Ambulance		-	-	-	-	-	-	6,072
Public works		-	-	-		=	-	242,872
Library		-	-	-	-	=	-	20,378
Debt service:								
Principal		-	-	-	-	-	-	305,000
Interest		-	-	-	-	-	-	176,252
Capital outlay		-	22,361	51,785	300,000	4,682	378,828	378,828
Total expenditures	-	-	22,361	51,785	300,000	4,682	378,828	1,240,779
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures	_			(1,785)		(4,682)	(6,467)	(186,941)
Other financing sources:								
Transfers in	-			1,785			1,785	579,571
Net change in fund balances		-	-	-	-	(4,682)	(4,682)	392,630
Fund balances, beginning of year	-	704,667		<u>-</u>		753,897	1,458,564	2,908,405
Fund balances, end of year	\$_	704,667		<u>-</u>		749,215	1,453,882	3,301,035

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year Ended June 30, 2014

Federal Grant Title	Grant <u>Number</u>	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance <u>Number</u>		Total Grant <u>Award</u>	<u>Expenditures</u>
U.S. Department of Interior:					
Passed through the State of Alaska, Department of					
Commerce, Community, and Economic Development: Payment in lieu of taxes	None	15.226	\$	438.946	438.946
Passed through Nome Eskimo Community:	NOTIC	13.220	Ψ	430,940	430,940
Indian Reservation Road Fund	None	15.033		50,000	50,000
Total U.S. Department of Interior			_	488,946	488,946
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development: Passed through Alaska Housing Finance Corporation: Payment in lieu of taxes	None	14.881	_	12,244	12,244
U.S. Department of Homeland Security:					
Passed through State of Alaska, Department of Homeland					
Security and Emergency Management: Emergency Management Performance Grant	FEMA-4050-DR-AK	97.036		83,085	83,085
	. =		_		
U.S. Department of Justice:					
Direct Bullet Proof Vest Partnership	None	16.607		1,140	1,103
Passed through State of Alaska, Department of Public Safety:	NOTIC	10.007		1,140	1,103
SART	None	16.558	_	18,948	18,948
Total U.S. Department of Justice			_	20,088	20,051
U.S. Department of Commerce:					
Passed through the State of Alaska, Department of Education					
and Early Development:					
Online With Libraries (OWL) Training	None	11.557		844	844
Online With Libraries (OWL) Internet Technology Aide	02-42-B10560	11.557	_	7,280	4,060
Total U.S. Department of Commerce			_	8,124	4,904
U.S. Department of Museum and Library Services:					
Passed through the State of Alaska, Department of Education					
and Early Development:					
Continuing Education	CED-14-746-194	45.310		1,000	1,000
Passed through Nome Eskimo Community- Native American and Native Hawaiian Library Services	None	45.311		7,000	7,000
Total U.S. Department of Museum and Library Services	110110	10.011	_	8,000	8,000
U.S. Department of Transportation:					
Passed through the State of Alaska, Department of Transportation:					
DOT Law Enforcement	MOA	20.106		21,900	9,465
			_		
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services:					
Passed through Norton Sound Health Corporation- Indian Health Service	None	93.210		35,000	6,152
IIIUlati i lealtii Gelvice	NOTE	∂J.∠1U	_	33,000	0,102
Total expenditures of federal awards			\$	677,387	632,847

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year ended June 30, 2014

(1) General

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all federal financial assistance programs of the City of Nome, Alaska (City). The City's reporting entity is defined in note 1 to the City's basic financial statements.

(2) Basis of Accounting

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the modified-accrual basis of accounting, which is described in note 1 to the City's basic financial statements.

(3) Reporting Entity

The City, for purpose of the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, includes all the funds of the primary government as defined by GASB Codification, Section 2100, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. It does not include the component units of the City: The Nome Public Schools and the Nome Joint Utility System. These component units also receive Federal assistance, but separately satisfy the audit requirements of the OMB A-133, if applicable.

(4) Subrecipients

No federal funds were passed through to subrecipients.

Schedule of State Financial Assistance

Year Ended June 30, 2014

<u>Grant Title</u>	Grant <u>Number</u>	Total Grant <u>Award</u>	<u>Expenditures</u>
Department of Commerce, Community and Economic Development: * Debt Reimbursement * Community Revenue Sharing * Museum Construction and Development Public School Sprinkler and Fire Alarm System * Distribution of Affordable Energy Sources	DR-03-147 \$ None 11-DC-312 12-DC-405 14-DC-107	227,457 275,189 2,000,000 90,000 300,000	227,457 275,189 1,490,646 22,361 300,000
* Port Design and Construction Department of Military and Veterans Affairs:	13-GO-012 _ -	10,000,000 12,892,646	3,699,217 6,014,870
Division of Homeland Security and Emergency Management- Local Emergency Planning Committee	14LEPC-GR35602 _	12,143	12,143
Department of Education and Early Development: Early Literacy Minigrant Public Library Assistance Technical Assistance Museum Grant Aid	ELM-14-746-7 PLA-14-74655 None	874 6,600 2,000 9,474	874 6,600 2,000 9,474
Department of Public Safety- Motor Vehicle License Tax	None	37,916	37,916
Department of Revenue: Liquor Licenses Raw Fish	None None	9,100 43,588 52,688	9,100 43,588 52,688
Department of Transportation: * Harbor Facilities Grant	13-HG-010	955,896	344,613
Department of Administration- * HB65 PERS Supplement Employer Relief Fund Total State Financial Assistance	None _	445,287 14,406,050	445,287 6,916,991
Reconciliation from State Financial Assistance to State of Alaska revenues, Exhibit D-1:	=		
Above expenditures, per schedule	\$	6,916,991	
Less: Intergovernmental, Port Facility Enterprise Fund		(52,126)	
Less: Capital Contributions, Port Facility Enterprise Fund	_	(4,043,830)	
Total State of Alaska revenue Exhibit D-1	\$ <u>_</u>	2,821,035	

Notes to Schedule of State Financial Assistance

Year ended June 30, 2014

(1) General

The accompanying Schedule of State Financial Assistance presents the activity of all state financial assistance programs of the City of Nome, Alaska (City). The City's reporting entity is defined in note 1 to the City's basic financial statements.

(2) Basis of Accounting

The accompanying Schedule of State Financial Assistance is presented using the modified-accrual basis of accounting, which is described in note 1 to the City's basic financial statements.

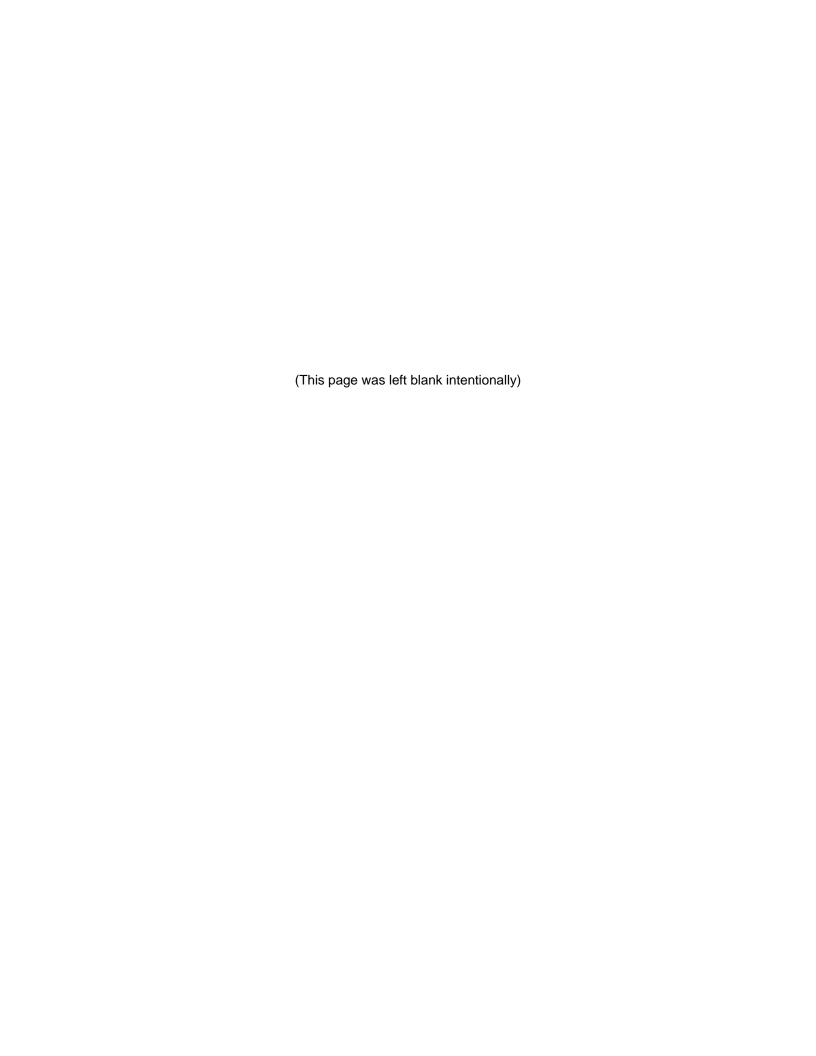
(3) Reporting Entity

The City, for purposes of the Schedule of State Financial Assistance, includes all the funds of the primary government as defined by GASB Codification, Section 2100, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. It does not include the component units of the City, the Nome Public Schools and the Nome Joint Utility System. These component units also receive state financial assistance, but separately satisfy the audit requirements of the *State of Alaska Audit Guide and Compliance Supplement for State Single Audits*, if applicable.

(4) Subrecipients

No State funds were passed through to subrecipients

(5) * Denotes a Major Program



COMPLIANCE REPORTS



Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

Members of the City Council City of Nome, Alaska Nome, Alaska

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Nome, Alaska, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the City of Nome, Alaska's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 20, 2015. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of Nome Joint Utilities and Nome Public Schools, as described in our report on the City of Nome, Alaska's financial statements. This report does not include the result of the other auditors' testing of internal controls over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Nome, Alaska's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Nome, Alaska's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Nome, Alaska's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Members of the City Council City of Nome, Alaska

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Nome, Alaska's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Nome, Alaska's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Nome, Alaska's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Anchorage, Alaska March 20, 2015

altman, Rogers & Co.



Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

Independent Auditor's Report

Members of the City Council City of Nome, Alaska Nome, Alaska

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited City of Nome, Alaska's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of City of Nome, Alaska's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. City of Nome, Alaska's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying federal schedule of findings and guestioned costs.

City of Nome, Alaska's basic financial statements include the operations of the Nome Public Schools and the Nome Joint Utility System, Component Units, which received \$1,291,484 and \$1,655,812, respectively, in federal awards which is not included in the schedule during the year ended June 30, 2014. Our audit, described below, did not include the operations of the Nome Public Schools and the Nome Joint Utility System because they were subjected to a separate audit performed in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of City of Nome, Alaska's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of

Members of the City Council City of Nome, Alaska

compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about City of Nome, Alaska's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of City of Nome, Alaska's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, City of Nome, Alaska complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of City of Nome, Alaska is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered City of Nome, Alaska's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Nome, Alaska's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Members of the City Council City of Nome, Alaska

altman, Rogers & Co.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Anchorage, Alaska March 20, 2015

Federal Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year Ended June 30, 2014

Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified
ls a going concern emphasis-of-matter paragraph	
Included in the audit report	Yes <u>X</u> No
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes <u>X</u> No
organicant denciency (les) identified:	1e3 <u>X</u> 100
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Federal Awards	
Internal Control over major programs:	
Material weakness(es) identified	
(Section .510 (a)(1))?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified	
(Section .510 (a)(1))?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Any material noncompliance with provisions of laws,	
regulations, contracts, or grant agreements related	
	Vaa V Na
to a major program (Section .510 (a)(2))?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance	
for major programs:	<u>Unmodified</u>
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to	
be reported in accordance with Circular A-133,	
Section .510(a) (3) or (4)?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Identification of major programs:	
definition of major programs.	
CFDA Number(s)/Cluster	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
15.226	Payment In Lieu of Taxes
Dollar threshold used to distinguish	
<u> </u>	\$ 200,000
between Type A and Type B programs:	\$ <u>300,000</u>
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X Yes No

Federal Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, Continued

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

The City of Nome did not have any findings that related to the financial statements.

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The City of Nome did not have any findings that related to federal awards.

Section IV – Summary of Prior Year Audit Findings

The City of Nome did not have any prior year audit findings.



Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the State of Alaska Audit Guide and Compliance Supplement for State Single Audits

Independent Auditor's Report

Members of the City Council City of Nome, Alaska Nome, Alaska

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited the City of Nome, Alaska's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *State of Alaska Audit Guide and Compliance Supplement for State Single Audits* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of Nome, Alaska's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. The City of Nome, Alaska's major state programs are identified in the accompanying Schedule of State Financial Assistance.

City of Nome, Alaska's basic financial statements include operations of the Nome Public Schools and the Nome Joint Utility System, component units, which received \$12,187,393 and \$9,367,793, respectively, in state awards that is not included in the schedule during the year ended June 30, 2014. Our audit, described below, did not include the operations of the Nome Public Schools and the Nome Joint Utility System because they were subjected to a separate audit performed in accordance with the State of Alaska Audit Guide and Compliance Supplementary State Single Audits.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of City of Nome, Alaska's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *State of Alaska Audit Guide and*

Members of the City Council City of Nome, Alaska

Compliance Supplement for State Single Audits. Those standards and the State of Alaska Audit Guide and Compliance Supplement for State Single Audits require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Nome, Alaska's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Nome, Alaska's compliance with those requirements.

Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, the City of Nome, Alaska, complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City of Nome, Alaska, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City of Nome, Alaska's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the *State of Alaska Audit Guide and Compliance Supplement for State Single Audits*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Nome, Alaska's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Members of the City Council City of Nome, Alaska

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be *material weaknesses*. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal controls over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the *State of Alaska Audit Guide and Compliance Supplement for State Single Audits*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Anchorage, Alaska

altman, Rogers & Co.

March 20, 2015

State Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year Ended June 30, 2014

Section I – Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:	<u>Unmodified</u>	
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes <u>X</u> Yes <u>X</u>	
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes <u>X</u>	No
State Awards		
Internal Control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes <u>X</u> Yes <u>X</u>	
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified	_
Dollar threshold used to distinguish a state major program:	\$ <u>100,000</u>	
Section II – Financial Statement Findings		
The City of Nome did not have any findings related to the financial stater	nents.	
Section III – State Award Findings and Questioned Costs		
The City of Nome did not have any findings related to state awards.		
Section IV – Summary of Prior Year Audit Findings		
The City of Nome did not have any prior year audit findings.		